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Happiness, life satisfaction and work engagement

A case study with the WOS demonstrating effects of EAP

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Agenda

- Shifts in the EAP market place
- Why the interest in EAP outcomes?
- The WOS as an EAP outcome measurement tool
- Case: An outcome study with the WOS
- Conclusions How can EAP contribute to happiness at work?



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Shifts in the EA market place * Policy changes within companies

- From stress at work to happiness at work
 - Not only remove stress, conflicts, absenteeism but also improve well-being, satisfaction, commitment and engagement
 - "Remove stress": focus on negative aspects (sources of stress: workload, complexity, demands...) and consequences (complaints, illness, absenteeism, burn-out, depression,...)
 - "Promotion of well-being": focus on positive aspects (resilience, opportunities, resources,...) and consequences (satisfaction, organizational commitment, engagement,...)
- From a reactive, single-focused to a pro-active, integrated policy: 'prevention'



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* Why companies invest in human capital today

- Europe 2020: Innovation at the heart of the European strategy to increase growth and productivity
 - "To go the extra mile" to make the difference (engagement)
- Continuous changes
 - Empowerment and *resilience* of employees becomes crucial to succesfully survive changes
- Employer's duty to care
 - European Union guidelines Member states' legislation
- An element for employer branding
 - "Our company is a great place to work": energizing, opportunities, happy employees
- ▶ Investing in psychosocial well-being clearly becomes a key element to achieve business excellence!



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* Evolutions within EA providers

- § Promises of integration
- § Move toward holistic programs:
 - § Wellness (USA): web, disease management, health risk assessment;
 - § Well-being (Europe): stress management, online tools, psychosocial risk assessment
- § Customized programming
- § Globalization
- § References to outcome/ROI studies



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Why the interest in EAP outcomes?

Purpose of EAP outcome studies

- § Pure scientific or intellectual inquiry
- § Drive program improvement initiatives
- § Validate our field / industry / funding
- § Compare EA products and services
- § Demonstrate program performance for the customer ("effectiveness")



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* Historical indices of "effectiveness" in EAP

- High utilization
- 2. User satisfaction
- 3. Anecdotal "positive" testimonials
- 4. Use of other published studies

What about obtaining positive workplace outcomes?



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* Discrepancy with what purchasers/stakeholders actually are concerned about

- § EAP's impact on personal and work-related problems
- § ROI related to
 - § Work performance
 - § Attendance
 - § Healthcare costs
 - § Retention
- § Nature of the problems seen in the workforce
- § Value for the money (e.g. % of services that are face to face)

(Jacobson and Jones (2010). Journal of Workplace Behavioral Health. Vol. 25)



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EAP metrics should...

- § Be customized for the end-user
- § Provide useful operational metrics
- § Measure the variables that matter to the customer
 - § Clinical outcome
 - § EAP's influence on productivity
 - § The impact on disability and healthcare costs



Pompe and Sharar (2010). SHRM Global.

http://www.shrm.org/hrdisciplines/benefits/Articles/Pages/GlobalEAPs.aspx



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* Outcomes defined

- The end result of your intervention
- Occurs AFTER the intervention
- Is linked to the intervention

In this context, it's about if and to what degree EAP correlates with improved work effectiveness.



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* Three types of outcomes

1. Proximal: directly linked to the intervention

2. Medial: not directly related but not far away

3. <u>Distal</u>: indirectly related to the intervention



There is a trend toward purchasers wanting more proof of **medial** and **distal** outcomes, which are the hardest to demonstrate.



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* State of outcome research in EAP

- Published <u>scientific</u> studies are small
- Methodological quality is weak or unknown
- Focus is on small subsets with "serious" problems
- Mostly within the U.S., Canada or UK
- There is substantial evidence that <u>high quality</u> mental health services improve well-being and productivity. But we don't really know what parts of EAP produce better outcomes.



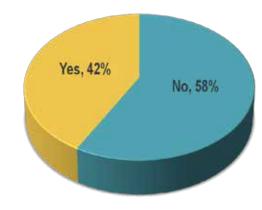
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National Behavioral Consortium Benchmark Survey (2012):

"On your follow-up surveys, did you incorporate items from a standardized and research-validated tool to measure outcomes after use of the EAP?"

* Less than half of EAPs used validated survey tools

(n=62)





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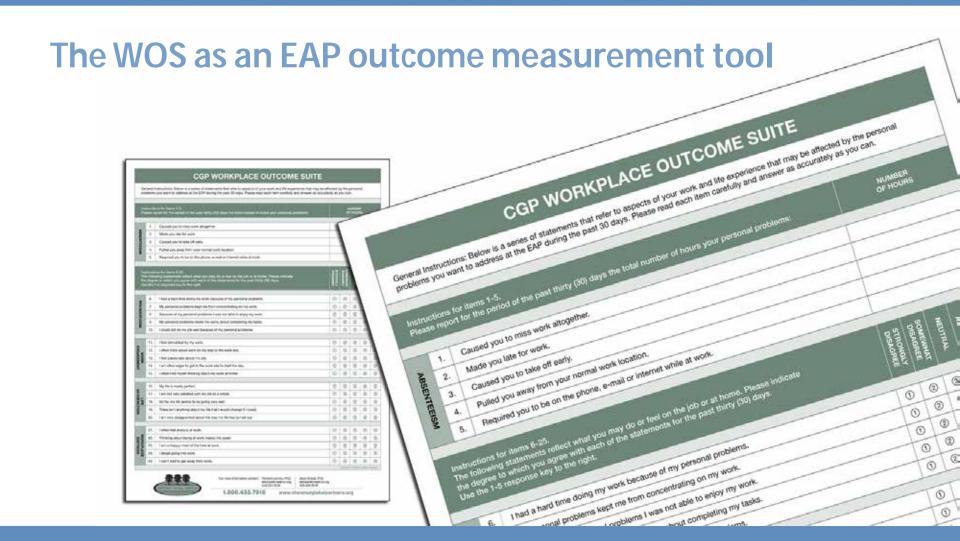
* Of the 25 companies that used Validated Tools:

- 36% Internally developed tools
- **28%** Workplace Outcome Suite (WOS)
- 20% Stanford Presenteeism Scale
- 20% Health and Productivity Questionnaire (HPQ)
- 16% Work Limitations Questionnaire
 - 4% Employer Measures of Productivity, Absence and Quality or

EMPAQ



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The Workplace Outcome Suite (WOS)

developed by Lennox & Sharar, *Journal of Workplace Behavioral Health*, 2010, Vol. 25, Pages 107-131.

- Workplace focused (not a clinical measure)
- Based on a formative measurement model
- Validated with demonstrated psychometrics
- Short but precise (sensitive to change)
- FREE with signed license agreement
- You may use one or all of the scales in the Suite



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WOS Scales

Five scales, five items per scale (scales can "stand alone" and be used separately)

- Absenteeism: Number hours away from work in past 30 days...can also use this scale to monetize
- Presenteeism (a = .92): proxy for productivity: extent to which problems inhibit work
- Engagement (a = .74): measure of "over" involvement with the job
- <u>Life Satisfaction</u> (a = .78): gauges importance of job to "life"
- Workplace Distress (a = .90): looks at "distress at work" across all problems



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Outcome study - Method

- § Pre/post design using the WOS
- § Pre-test, typically at intake
 - § Call center conducts pre-test by phone, or
 - § Onsite clinician does the pre-test either verbally or paper-pencil.
- § Post-test by call-center ~90 days after intake
 - § Unique identifier to link Pre with Post-Test
- § Compared differences between pre and post
- § With assurance of anonymity or confidentiality (aggregate results only)



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* Correlation "Pre-Post"

- Can identify IF employees are improving at work but not WHY
- Purpose is to test association, or how EAP relates to work effectiveness in nature and strength
- You MUST obtain at least two data points: Pre-EAP (intake) and Post-EAP (about 90 days later)
- The BIGGEST challenge is getting the Post-Test completed



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* Is "self-report" valid?

- Is <u>the</u> major data source in health and behavioral research
- All forms of measurement are imperfect
- Is reasonably accurate when questions are validated
- Accuracy also depends on conditions and procedures



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* EAP Intervention measured

- Mainly short-term counseling (about 82% use only the EAP with no onward referral)
- Counselors use a "grab-bag" of diverse theories and models (*)
- Rarely "protocol" driven (sessions range from a single phone call to eight face-to-face visits)

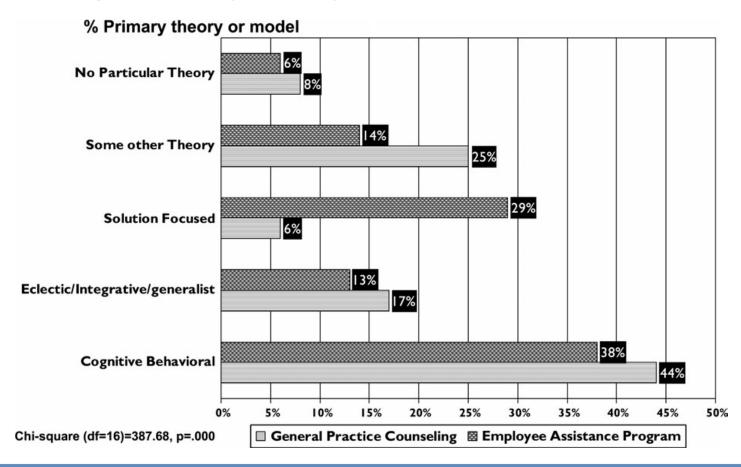
Research question:

Does "generic" EAP counseling improve work effectiveness and life satisfaction?



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* Percentage primary theory or model





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* The Therapeutic Alliance – Does the clinical model matter much?

- Not much difference in outcome between type or amount of competing therapeutic approach
- Quality of relationship more potent predictor than approach, experience, or discipline
- Clients rarely report negative reactions before dropping out

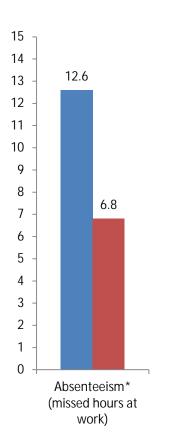


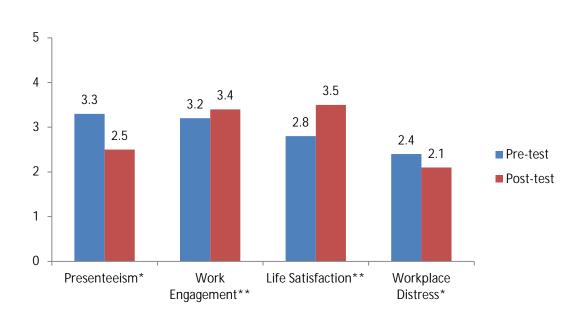


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Case studies with the WOS-Pooled data

(N=2878)





Notes: *Lower scores are a better outcome. **Higher scores are a better outcome. All scales reflect statistically significant change (p<.0001).



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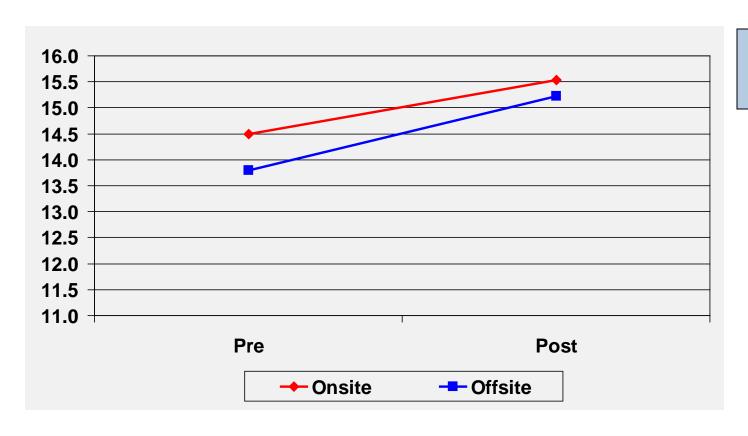
* Absenteeism - Monetized outcome

- Average hours missed work / month dropped 28.3 (difference between actual hours missed due to problem on pre and post measure)
- Avg. COP wage \$67.31/hour x 28.3 hours x
 731 cases
- =\$1.4MM/ annual production savings
 (or) 20% > productivity reported 90 days
 post EAP (or) approx. nine FTE's
 calculation



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* Life Satisfaction - Onsite versus offsite



Onsite N = 107

Offsite N = 201



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* Findings

- § Regardless of On or Off, 4 of 5 scales are trending in the right direction
- § Work Engagement, however, is not really affected
- § Elements of the EAP that may impact on outcomes:
 - On/Off Site: The location of the counselor is **not** a big variable in determining workplace outcomes (difference in workplace outcomes between On/Off site is insignificant)

Onsite may outperform offsite in other areas (such as management referrals, handling of severe cases)...we just don't know the answer empirically

- Other variables may be as important as program location:
 - Presenting problem(s)
 - Case severity
 - Self versus management referral



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* Update on the WOS

- § About 400 EA providers (in over 15 countries) are using the WOS
- § Developed and tested a 5-item version (< sensitive but still works well)
- § Working on a second cluster with new scales like "health care utilization" and "job satisfaction"
- § Validating a version for "health coaching"



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Conclusions –"How can EAP contribute to happiness at work?"

- Help objectify (subjective) employee perceptions, emotions, reactions: "turn soft into hard"
- Take the time to really get to know the company
- Work evidence-based
- Yield ROI data, measuring business relevant outcomes of EAP
- Clarify the elements of EAP which impact upon key outcome variables
- Present outcome studies as "Executive Summary" for high level audience
- Publish and share studies with the EAP community (can preserve employer's identity if needed)



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Questions?

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